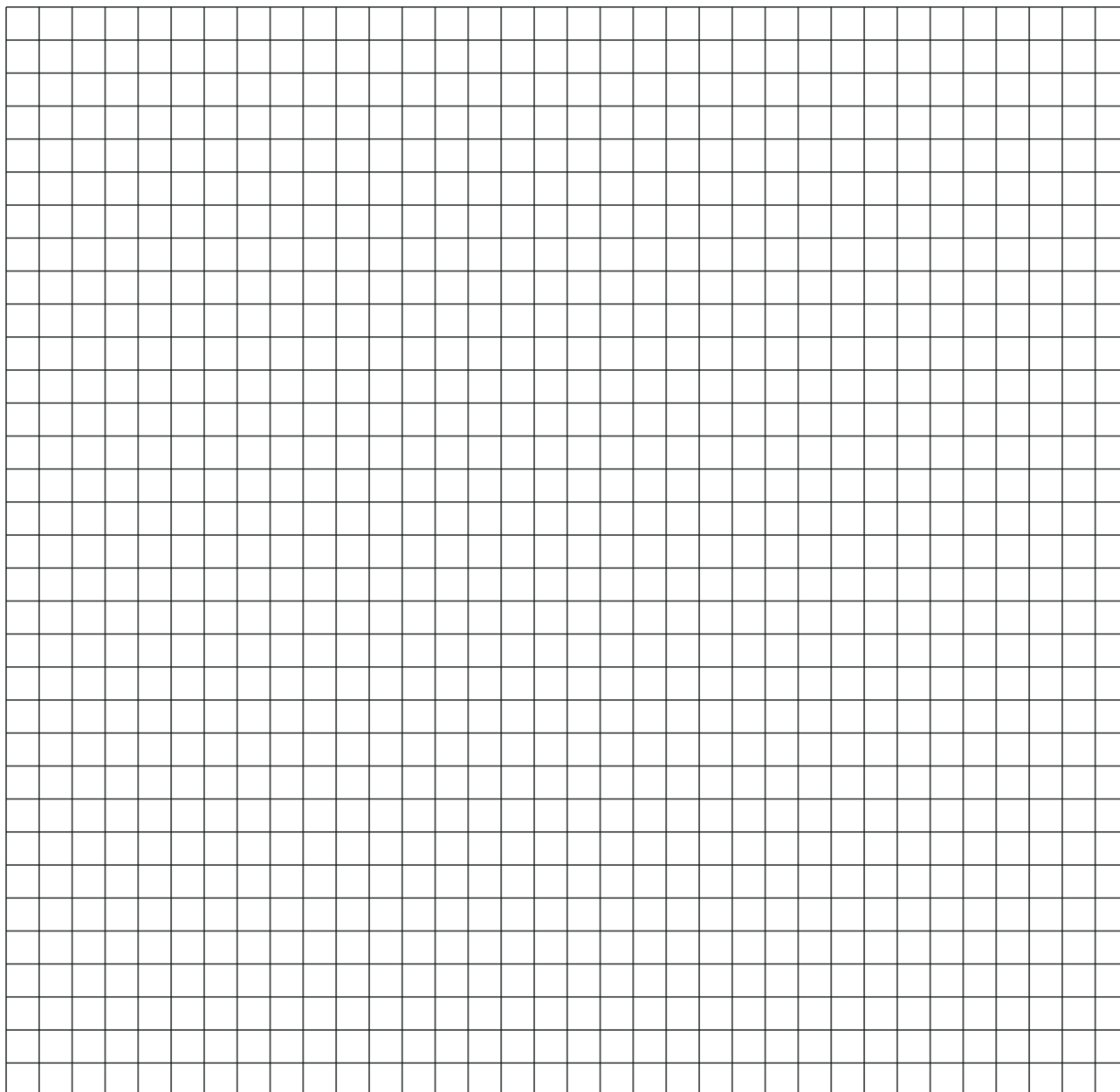
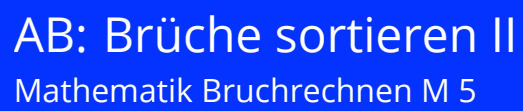


- ① Welcher der Brüche ist größer? Sortiere die Brüche der Größe nach. Beginne mit dem kleinsten Bruch. Nutze in deiner Lösung das Zeichen „<“.

1)  $\frac{5}{11}$     $\frac{10}{11}$     $\frac{8}{11}$     $\frac{3}{11}$     $\frac{11}{11}$     $\frac{1}{11}$

2)  $\frac{10}{22}$     $\frac{2}{22}$     $\frac{9}{22}$     $\frac{3}{22}$     $\frac{7}{22}$     $\frac{1}{22}$





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- $$2) \quad \frac{7}{20} \quad \frac{11}{20} \quad \frac{2}{20} \quad \frac{20}{20} \quad \frac{15}{20} \quad \frac{8}{20}$$

This image shows a full page of blank graph paper. The grid consists of small, equal-sized squares formed by thin black lines. There are no margins, text, or other markings on the page.